

THE CANADIAN COLONIES

Their Interests Discussed in the British Commons and House of Lords.

Commercial Federation Proposed to Combat the Growing Desire for Annexation—Progress of the Chilean Revolution.

ENGLAND'S COLONIES.

Debate in Parliament on Canada and Newfoundland of Interest to Americans.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. W. H. Smith, First Lord of the Treasury, in reply to questions on the subject, said that according to accounts published in American newspapers, a portion of the Alabama indemnity funds remained in the hands of the United States government. Mr. Smith added that it would be contrary to the engagement entered into by the treaty of Washington of 1871 for the English government to request return of this sum.

This evening Mr. Vincent moved that the government at the earliest opportunity invite the British colonies to a conference in London to debate the best means of forming a Zollverein. He contended that imperial federation was only to be obtained through commercial federation. Many of the leading colonial statesmen and others favored commercial federation. Sir Lyon Playfair criticized the motion as covering a protectionist movement. He argued that owing to the varied interests of the colonies a Zollverein was impracticable. He quoted statistics showing the increase of British trade during the present regime. He contended that it would be most injudicious to arrest the reaction in America against excessive protection, induced by the McKinley law, by imposing differential duties against America for the benefit of the colonies. Considering all the circumstances, there was no basis to justify Parliament in inviting the colonies to a conference. In conclusion, he expressed a hope for an intimate union of the colonies on a free-trade basis.

Mr. Lowther declared that there was no real free-trade party in America, and that the whole world, with the exception of England, was becoming protectionist. He said: "Unless we give our colonies commercial facilities we would better make up our minds to abdicate the title of the world's champion of free trade." Mr. Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchequer, said that, whatever might be the fate of the motion, England has decided to induce the colonies to free trade. He sympathized with some points of Mr. Vincent's speech. He believed that the increasing desire for a closer union between England and the colonies ought to be fostered. He also conceded that many of the views of Adam Smith and John Stuart Mill had lost their authority formerly exerted, and that it was no longer possible to denounce opposing views as clap-trap. Still he must hold to what was sound in their views, and he contended that the suspicious of lurking protection would not retard a union of the colonies. While he granted the country must be prepared for some fiscal changes in the interests of that union, colonies must understand that it was impossible for England to tax corn. [Cheers.] There was no likelihood, he contended, that the colonies would consent to a conference on a free-trade basis. There only remained differential duties, and he failed to see how they could be imposed. It seemed to him, therefore, that the conference would be merely an invitation to follow a "will of the wind."

Mr. Vincent withdrew his motion.

DEBATE IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

In the House of Lords, to-day, Lord Dufferin asked the government to produce the papers relating to the Newfoundland dispute. Lord Dufferin added that, in view of the excitement caused by this matter, it would be advisable to definitely inform Parliament how the question stands.

Lord Knutsford, Secretary of State for the Colonies, said that he intended to lay the papers on the table within a few days, including the draft of the convention between Newfoundland and the United States. During the course of his reply Lord Knutsford said: "Considerable misapprehension has arisen in Newfoundland in regard to the position of the imperial government toward the convention. The government has been condemned for breaking engagements made, but none were ever given. It may at some time be possible to secure for the colony the advantages it desires without prejudicing the interests of other parts of the empire. But the imperial government cannot negotiate any arrangement that has always been subject to the well-recognized principle that the imperial government must see how the draft of the convention affects other interests of the British Canadian empire. [Hear, hear.] Leave to negotiate does not imply imperial sanction or any arrangement made. The Canadian government has sent the imperial government a strong protest against the convention, and, after mature consideration, the government had decided that the convention could not for the present be completed. [Hear, hear.]

Lord Kimberley agreed with Lord Knutsford in the opinion that colonial treaty arrangements should be subject to imperial approval, but Lord Kimberley claimed, it was desirable to ascertain before the colony entered into negotiations whether they were likely to be sanctioned. [Hear, hear.] Lord Knutsford, replying to the last speaker, said that he regretted that any friction had arisen. The Newfoundland papers, which were about to be placed upon the table, would show whether the imperial government was to blame in the matter. Lord Dufferin moved the adoption of the bill giving woman householders the right of suffrage. After a short discussion Lord Dufferin's motion was rejected.

THE CHILEAN INSURRECTION.

Only a Few Towns Remain Loyal to the Government—Mines Filled and Flooded.

PARIS, Feb. 17.—The Gaceta to-day publishes a dispatch from Buenos Ayres which announces that the Chilean government troops have been defeated at Coghimo and Quilota. The same dispatch states that the insurgent forces are rapidly increasing in numbers, and that they are advancing upon the capital, Santiago de Chile. The dispatch adds that only a few towns remain loyal to the government. The destruction of the railways by the insurgent forces hampers the movements of the government troops. President Balmaceda is well supported in the capital, and is said to be hopeful of being able to repel the rebels. It is feared that the effect of the rebellion will be disastrous to the finances and commerce of the country.

During the course of a battle fought at Tarapaca, 125 miles southeast of Ilo, the mines at Tarapaca were set on fire, and afterwards were flooded in an attempt to extinguish the flames. The German miners who were employed in the mines there fled into the interior. Tarapaca is only ten miles from the mouth of a river opening into the Pacific ocean, so it is inferred that the destruction of property at Tarapaca was the work of a landing party which came ashore from one of the insurgent war vessels. The coal depots at Coronado have been pillaged by the insurgent soldiers sent ashore to obtain coal for the rebel vessels. Coronado is twenty-five miles south of Concepcion.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Spaniards Repulsed with Heavy Loss by Natives of the Caroline Islands.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17.—A private letter from the Caroline Islands gives an account of further fighting between the natives and Spaniards, in which the latter were worsted. Last November the Spanish Governor sent an expedition, consisting of three gunboats and one transport, against the village of Metanapel. The Spanish troops landed, and, after a loss of sixty men, made the natives retreat. The Spaniards were reinforced, and, six days later, attacked the natives. The latter were behind a barbed wire, and were armed with muskets and small cannon. The Spaniards were badly repulsed, with a loss of 120 men. It

is expected that a general uprising of the natives will occur, and the Governor has dispatched ships to Manila for troops.

Murderous Plot in Argentina. BUENOS AYRES, Feb. 17.—A startling conspiracy has been discovered here, but the details are kept secret by the police and government officials. It is known, however, that the plot embraced the proposed assassination of the principal members of the government. Considerable excitement naturally followed the discovery of this conspiracy.

The Pope and American Schools. ROME, Feb. 17.—Inquiries made at the Vatican to-day show that the Pope's letter to Cardinal Gibbons on the question of school education in the United States will be of a pacific nature. His Holiness has not yet completed the letter. He is devoting much time and study to the subject which the letter will touch upon.

Another Jack the Ripper Score. LONDON, Feb. 17.—Another Jack the Ripper score is agitating this morning. A woman was found dying this morning, with her throat cut and suffering from stab wounds in the chest. In spite of the popular Jack the Ripper theory the police declared the woman committed suicide.

Two Hundred Chinamen Perish. SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17.—The Australian papers just received state that by the burning of the steamer Ramed at Wugubuh, 200 Chinese perished.

Cable Notes. The London Labor Council is considering a general dockmen's strike.

Gladstone is said to have recovered from his indisposition of Monday night.

Dr. Bernheim, of Paris, will treat cerebral hemorrhages by infusion of blood.

Because denied universal suffrage Belgian workmen are organizing a universal strike.

Count von Taaffe, the Austrian Prime Minister, is suffering from inflammation of the lungs.

Austrian union wool-cheners threaten to stop the crop clip if non-union men are permitted to work.

The Brussels Workmen's Council is inviting Socialists throughout Europe and the United States to an international congress in August next.

It was not Count Schouvaloff who warned Prince Bismarck that the government contemplated prosecuting him, but Duke Ernest of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, who visited Prince Bismarck three weeks ago.

It is reported that the Prussian Council of Ministers has decided against prosecuting Prince Bismarck. The Deutsche Tagesblatt, in an article on loyalty, appeals to Prince Bismarck to disavow connection with the Hamburg Nachrichten.

Sir James Fitz James Stephen, M. A., justice of the Queen's Bench division of the high court of justice of England, has resigned his seat on the bench on account of ill health, his sickness being attributed to the worry and excitement which he was subjected to during the trial of Mrs. Florence Elizabeth Maybrick.

EXPLOSION OF GAS.

Building Torn to Pieces at Allegheny City and a Number of Persons Badly Injured.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 17.—This morning an explosion occurred in a double two-story building on River avenue, Allegheny. The entire front was blown out and the interior wrecked, and Samuel and William Hazelt were hurled into the water. The injured are: James Fletcher, thirty years of age, hurt internally and may die; O. C. McLaughlin, hurt about head; Mrs. Eliza White, cut on the head by a falling brick; Mrs. Samuel Hazelt, bruised about the body. It is supposed the river, which is filling the cellar, tore away the gas-pipe, and when fire reached the gas it exploded.

Fatal Explosion of Ammonia.

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 17.—The ammonia tank in the ice factory in Suffolk exploded to-day, killing the superintendent, Thos. B. Baldwin, and seriously, if not fatally, injuring two colored men. The factory was owned by J. C. Bell and M. F. Lloyd & Co., and is a complete wreck. Young Baldwin was originally from Baltimore, and the son of Thos. M. Baldwin, of that city.

ANGRY BALL MANAGERS.

Representatives of the Association Try to Hold a Meeting at Philadelphia but Fail.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 17.—Representatives of the American Association of base-ball clubs flocked to this city to-day for the purpose of deciding upon some method of getting even with the National League and board of control in general and Allan W. Thurman in particular for the loss of Stovey and Bierbauer. Al Johnson, whom the Association men hope to persuade to join him with his Cincinnati team, did not show up, and neither did Von der Ahe, of St. Louis; Von der Ahe, of Baltimore; and Wagner, of Philadelphia. The other two members of the Western express at 5 o'clock, but the train was two hours late, and when it arrived the men were in a bad temper. Von der Ahe, telegraphed that he could not reach New York before 9 P. M., and asked that the place of meeting be changed to that city. It was decided to do so finally, and the whole party started for New York.

The Meeting at New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—C. A. Prince and Arthur Irwin, of the Boston Association Club, and Wagner Bros., of the Philadelphia Association Club, waited until 1 o'clock, at Murray Hill Hotel, this morning, expecting to have a meeting with Von der Ahe, Bernie, Cohen, Bennett and others of the Western contingent, but the latter did not arrive. While waiting the two had a long talk with Al Johnson, of the Cincinnati Club, trying to get him to swing his club into line with them, but he had received a dispatch during the day telling him to hold off, and he did not. President Byrne and E. B. Talcott, of Brooklyn, were looking for him at 11 o'clock last night.

Warrant Issued for Dynamiter Gibson.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—An indictment against George J. Gibson was returned into court by the grand jury to-day. It contains six counts charging Gibson with having in his possession dynamite, nitro-glycerine or gunpowder for the purpose of doing bodily injury to or killing H. H. Shufeldt, Thomas Lynch, John Lynch and others. The bond is fixed at \$25,000. A capias was issued this afternoon and placed in the hands of the sheriff to serve.

At its meeting to-day the trust chose P. J. Hennessy, of this city, secretary, to succeed Gibson.

Giving All He Has to the Poor.

CLARKSBURG, W. Va., Feb. 17.—Henry Strager, a rich farmer, living near Flatwoods, Faxon county, says the Lord appeared to him in a dream last Tuesday and commanded him to sell all he had and give to the poor. He has begun to dispose of his property, and neighbors are getting his farm equipment at ridiculously low prices. He has long been a very religious man, but never showed signs of mental weakness before.

Chicago's Riotous Idle Workmen.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—The idle mob, numbering about two thousand persons, was again in possession of Jackson Park to-day and no work was done, the contractors not daring to bring their gang of Italians upon the grounds. The mob was drinking and becoming belated, and the residents in the neighborhood are becoming alarmed at their presence there.

Movements of Steamers.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—Sighted: Teutonic and Cufic, from New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Arrived: Italy, from London.

MOBILE, Feb. 17.—Arrived: Ethiopia, from New York.

"A KITCHEN IN TIME SAVES NINE," and if you take Hoad's Sarsaparilla now it may save months of future possible sickness.

INDIANA AND ILLINOIS NEWS

Hanover College and McCormick Theological Seminary Are Prosperous.

The Uncertainty of Criminal Law—Crushed by a Falling Tree—Young Hunter Killed—Child Accidentally Slain by His Father.

INDIANA.

Thriving Condition of Hanover College and Its Theological Seminary.

MADISON, Feb. 16.—The catalogue of McCormick Theological Seminary for the current year is just published. It shows 173 students, of whom fifteen are from Hanover College—the largest number from any college in the land. In March a course of lectures on history will be delivered by Rev. J. H. Thomas, a son of Rev. Dr. Thomas E. Thomas, of Marion, Ind. Later, Rev. Dr. George P. Hays will again give his course of lectures on English constitutional law. It will be followed by Rev. Dr. Francis, of Chicago, who will give a course of lectures on the history of the English language. It is probable that Rev. Dr. DeWitt, of Chicago, will, between this and commencement, give a course of lectures on the history of the college proper, exclusive of the preparatory department. This is the largest number in the college proper for many years, and has been exceeded only two or three times in the history of the institution.

Convicted and Then Acquitted.

SPECIAL TO THE INDIANAPOLIS JOURNAL. GREENCASTLE, Feb. 17.—The glorious uncertainty of the law was aptly illustrated in the cases of two of the prisoners convicted at the present term of the Putnam Circuit Court. Dennis Erwin was one of the nine tramps who received a year's sentence for stealing a box of raisins from a Monon freight car. He broke down when sentence was pronounced against him, stoutly asserting his innocence. Letters received from Lima, Allen county, Ohio, gave Erwin an exceptionally good character, and on the strength of these letters the court today granted the condemned man a new trial. The State's attorney thereupon entered a nolle, and Erwin walked out of court a free man. In the case of Oliver O'Neil, who was charged with the murder of a new trial. The State's attorney thereupon entered a nolle, and Erwin walked out of court a free man. In the case of Oliver O'Neil, who was charged with the murder of a new trial. The State's attorney thereupon entered a nolle, and Erwin walked out of court a free man.

Suspended Business for Religion.

SPECIAL TO THE INDIANAPOLIS JOURNAL. MARTINSVILLE, Feb. 17.—Owing to the great interest manifested in the religious revivals going on in this city, all the business houses and public schools are closed to-day, so that all might attend. Sunday schools are turning out of citizens was never known in this place before.

Suicide of an Aged Farmer.

SPECIAL TO THE INDIANAPOLIS JOURNAL. LEXINGTON, Feb. 17.—Henry Dryer, aged eighty-one, was found hanging to a rope, dead, in his barn, near San Pierre, yesterday.

Minor Notes.

A man named Peter Fudge wants to be elected superintendent of Montgomery county.

John Hibbs claims to have discovered a copper-mine on the line of Hendricks and Putnam counties.

Michael Crosby, of Huntington, hanged himself yesterday. He was cut down while alive, but cannot recover.

William Driskell, William Vant and Newton Dinmore broke out of the Vigo county jail Sunday night.

James McNeal, on trial at Martinsville for stealing a horse from John Fueselman, a liverman, five years ago, was given five years in the penitentiary.

Three small boys of Ladoga have been arrested, and put in jail at Greenfield, charged with stealing chickens, which were sold in order to get money to go to a show.

The grand jury of Montgomery county have returned thirty-seven indictments, one of these being for murder in the first degree against Charley Combs, who shot from his house one night and killed Walter McNeal.

Dispensation was granted the K. of P. Lodge at Lebanon to institute a lodge for New Ross and twenty-five members from that place took the obligation at the K. of Castle Hill in Lebanon last evening, after which a banquet was served.

ILLINOIS.

Disastrous Accident by Which a Father Killed His Invalid Son.

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Land Scheme Collapses.

SPECIAL TO THE INDIANAPOLIS JOURNAL. PARIS, Feb. 17.—J. A. Clark, alias A. J. Anderson, who has figured as the manager of the Cherokee Land Company, of this city, that proposed to locate claims in the Cherokee Strip for a fee of \$10, and was recently exposed by Secretary Noble, has brought suit in the United States court at Decatur and was given four years in the penitentiary.

Thieves Entered the Postoffice at Alexandria Sunday night and stole a quantity of stamps and money.

Kansas Post, No. 405, G. A. R., dedicated their new hall at Kansas last night. Hon. Horace Clark, of Mattoon, made the dedicatory address.

At the annual meeting of the Decatur Colery Association it was decided to raise a guarantee fund to induce the location of Dutch families at Decatur in central Illinois.

Diphtheria is epidemic at Leroy. At Downs, six miles away, the public schools have been closed on account of the disease. Several cases have been reported at Bloomington.

The preliminary examination of George Starkey, J. R. Wyatt and John Brown, held for the murder of Daniel B. Gillman the morning of March 18, 1890, will take place at Edwardsville Feb. 19.

The Rev. P. K. Hammond, pastor of the Methodist Church at Seneca, announced to his congregation Sunday that he had decided to abandon the Methodist faith and join the Episcopal Church.

John Spelman, who escaped from a deputy United States marshal near Chicago Friday night, reached Peoria last night. His father being searched for young Spelman once more escaped.

Yesterday morning occurred the death of Hudson Burr, of Bloomington, one of the best-known attorneys in central Illinois. His death resulted from paralysis, existing five years. He was a native of Litchfield county, Connecticut, and was sixty-one years of age.

Buried with His Hat and Boots On.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 17.—A letter from Buford township, N. C., announces the death of D. Berny Pyle, the largest man in the State. His weight at the time of his death was 360 pounds, and the weight of the coffin and corpse as dropped into the grave was several hundred pounds. According to his dying request, he was buried at 9 o'clock at night, with his boots and hat on, a pocket-knife in his hand. He was a man of means and very popular in the neighborhood.

Early this morning the new power-house of the Duquesne Traction Company, at Pittsburgh, burned down. Loss, \$100,000, with no insurance.

here, and fell with one foot upon the rail. The wheels of one truck ran over the heel of his shoe without breaking any bones. The boy was considerably bruised, but was not thought dangerously hurt. Today his leg was amputated just below the knee, and the chances are against his recovery.

Married the Day They Were Divorced.

SPECIAL TO THE INDIANAPOLIS JOURNAL. GREENSBURG, Feb. 17.—Martha E. Meek was granted a divorce from Charles W. Meek and given the custody of their six children, aged from eighteen to six years, the youngest being two twins. She changed her husband with failing to support the family while at the same time he pretended to be intensely religious. They were married in 1870, and separated in 1888. The same day Thomas Jones was granted a divorce from Mary Jones. He says that she unjustly charged him with undue intimacy with other women, and by her vile epithets and abuse prevented him from sleeping at night, and he was thus compelled to abandon her. They were married in 1882 and parted in 1886. Within a few days after the court announced the decrees in these two cases the plaintiffs in each case—Mr. Jones and Mrs. Meek—appeared at the clerk's office to pay the costs of the divorce cases, and the two recently released and free men and women married each other. When they counted up their ready cash they did not have enough to pay up, and began to hustle around to secure the money. Finally enough funds were at hand, and a justice of the peace who would perform the marriage ceremony cheaply, and the two recently released and free men and women married and went home, presumably happy. The parties all live about St. Omer, this county.

Oratorical Contest Won by a Girl.

SPECIAL TO THE INDIANAPOLIS JOURNAL. FRANKLIN, Feb. 17.—The oratorical contest of Franklin College was held last night at the First Baptist Church. There were five contestants. The contest was a close one. Miss Bertha D. Knove won the honors of the evening. Her subject was "The Nation, its Crisis." Elba Branigan, Charles H. Dungan and Jay C. Smith were awarded second, third and fourth places, and were as delegates to the State Oratorical Association.

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Prices Baking Cream Powder

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

Dean Bros. Steam Pump Works, INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

SINGLE & DUPLEX PUMPS. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL PUMPS. Best Design & Workmanship. PRICES REDUCED. Send for CATALOGUE.

WROUGHT-IRON PIPE. Gas, Steam and Water Goods.

GEO. A. RICHARDS. 68 South Pennsylvania St.

VOTED FOR STREETER.

Illinois Republicans Give Partial Support to the Farmer Candidate for Senator.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 17.—The senatorial ballot opened with renewed vigor, this morning, the Republican steering committee endeavoring to throw as much of the Republican strength as possible to Streeter, F. M. B. A., hoping, in this way, to keep the farmers from voting for Palmer. The ninety-eight ballot showed the following result: Palmer, 101; Oglesby, 30; Streeter, 69; Lindley, 3; Stella, 1. Streeter gained from the Republicans by the 101st ballot, which resulted as follows: Palmer, 101; Streeter, 75; Oglesby, 28; Hunter, 3; Lindley, 1; Stella, 1. An adjournment was taken to to-morrow.

Kansas Will Let Financial Legislation Alone.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 17.—The House has passed a compromise bill appropriating \$80,000 for the aid of distressed settlers in the western counties of Kansas. The Senate has agreed to concur in the bill. The money is to be used for the purchase of seed grain in counties where the crops last year were destroyed by drought. The following resolution, agreed upon by the Republicans in caucus, was passed by the Senate to-day:

Resolved, That the passage of the House bill commonly called the Elder tax bill, and others of like character, by the House of Representatives of this State has caused great apprehension and distrust among the holders of Kansas securities, and, as we believe, the people of this State are entitled to be relieved from the burden of the withdrawal of all foreign capital from our State, thereby rendering it impossible for the debtor class of people to raise their mortgages, even pay the interest accruing thereon, therefore be it

Resolved, That no wild or visionary measure calculated in its nature or by its provisions to injure the people of this State or the credit of the same can or shall pass this body.

The House, in committee of the whole, has recommended the passage of Senator Richter's alien land ownership bill. The measure is a most stringent one. It provides that alien who now own land in this State must dispose of it within ten years under penalty of forfeiture to the State. Aliens who acquire by inheritance or in satisfaction of debt must sell it within five years of the time of securing title. Corporations 20 per cent. of whose stock is owned by aliens are prohibited from owning over five thousand acres of land.